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III Semester B.Com. Examination, November/December 2015
(New Syllabus) (2013-14 and Onwards) (Repeaters)
COMMERCE

3.6 : Quantitative Analysis for Business Decisions – II

Time : 3 Hours

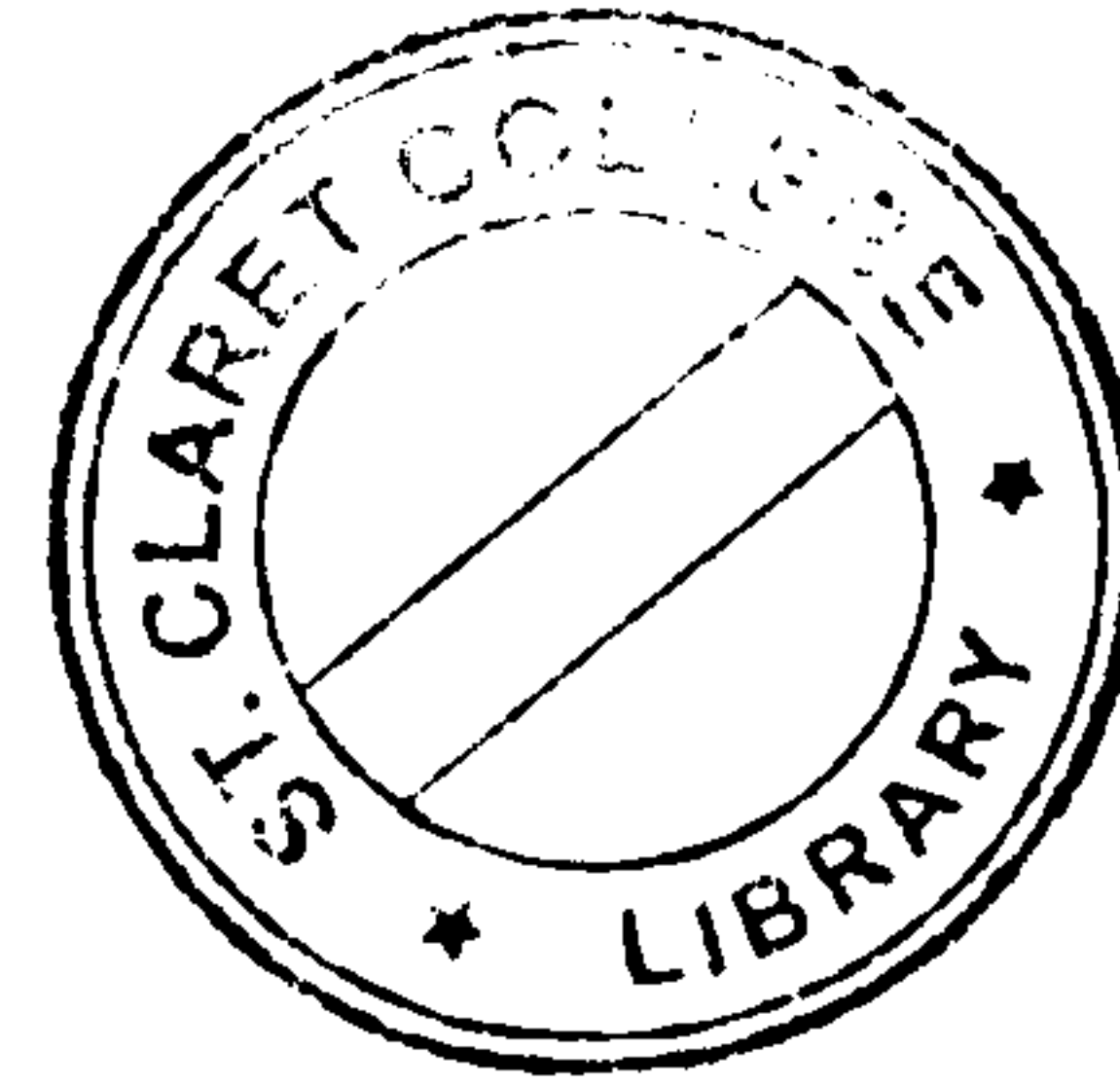
Max. Marks : 100

Instruction: Answers should be written fully in **English** or in **Kannada**.

SECTION – A

Answer **any ten** sub-questions. **Each** sub question carries **two** marks. (10×2=20)

1. a) Write the meaning of correlation.
- b) What is regression ?
- c) If $b_{xy} = 0.8$ and $b_{yx} = 0.6$ find 'r'.
- d) What is probable error ?
- e) State any 2 components of time series.
- f) State the essential requirements of time series.
- g) Mention the basic assumptions of interpolation.
- h) Distinguish between interpolation and extrapolation.
- i) What is cluster sampling ?
- j) What is statistic ?
- k) What is sample space ?
- l) Out of 230 babies born in a community in a year, 126 were male. Find the probability that a new born baby is male and female.





SECTION – B

Answer **any four** of the following. **Each** question carries **eight** marks.

(4×8=32)

2. The following are the marks of 6 students in statistics and mathematics. Find the co-efficient of correlation.

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Marks in statistics | 25 | 43 | 27 | 35 | 54 | 61 |
| Marks in Mathematics | 35 | 47 | 20 | 37 | 63 | 54 |

3. Fit a straight line trend by the least square method to the following data.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| Earning (in lakhs) | 38 | 40 | 65 | 72 | 69 |

4. Interpolate the population of 1991 from the following data.

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 1971 | 1981 | 1991 | 2001 | 2011 |
| Population (in lakhs) | 100 | 120 | ? | 160 | 180 |

5. Two fair dices are rolled. Find the probability that
- Both the dice show number 6
 - The sum of the numbers obtained is 7 or 10
 - The sum is divisible by 3.
6. The manufacturer of T.V. wants to estimate the proportion of people in a given income bracket who are interested in the model. The company wants to know the population proportion P to be within 0.1 with 99% confidence level ($z = 2.58$). Current company records indicate that the P may be around 0.25. What is the minimum required sample size for this survey ?



SECTION – C

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 16 marks. (3×16=48)

7. From the following data :

- a) Calculate two regression equations
- b) Estimate yield for 10 inches rainfall
- c) Determine the value of correlation co-efficient through regression co-efficients.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rainfall (in inches) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Yield (in Tonnes) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 8 |

8. Calculate the trend values by the method of least squares from the data given below and estimate the sales for 2006. Plot the values on a graph.

| | | | | | |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| Sales (in lakhs) | 70 | 74 | 80 | 86 | 90 |

9. Below are given the wages earned by worker per week in a certain factory.

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Weekly income up to Rs. | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| No. of workers | 40 | 160 | 220 | 340 | 440 |

Calculate number of workers earning between 20 and 23 by Newton's method.

10. Following are the monthly figures of advertising expenditure and sales of a firm. It is generally found that the advertising expenditure has its impact on sales generally after two months. Allowing this time lag, calculate Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Months | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| Advertising Expenses (Rs.) | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 19 | 20 | 25 |
| Sales (Rs.) | 120 | 150 | 160 | 200 | 220 | 250 | 240 | 260 | 280 | 290 | 310 | 390 |