



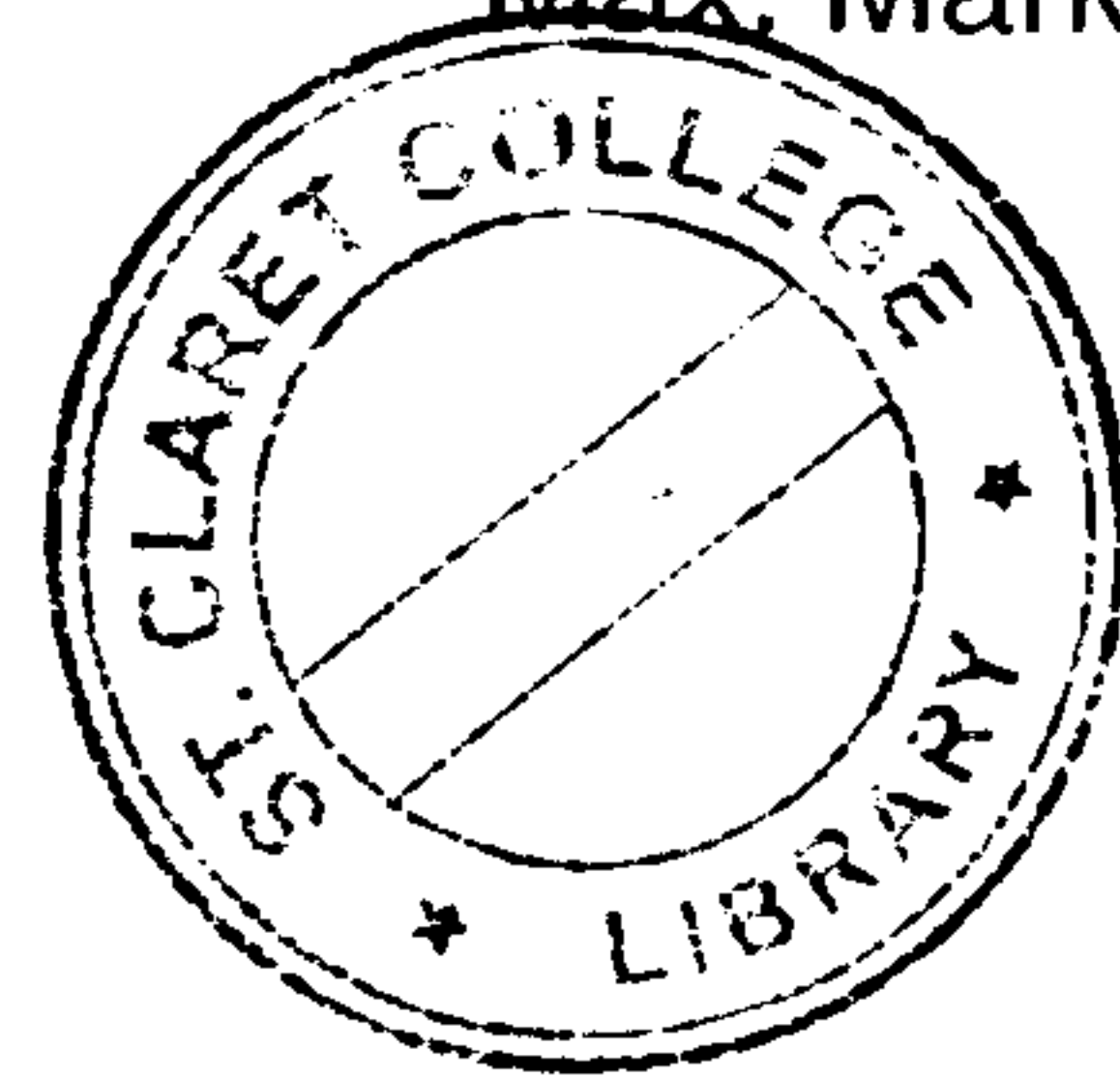
SN – 037

(11)
I Semester B.B.M. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2014
(Repeaters) (Prior to 2010-11)
ENGLISH LANGUAGE – I

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 90

- Instructions:** 1) *All the Sections must be answered.*
2) *Number your questions carefully.*



SECTION – A
(Gathered Wisdom)

- I. Answer **any five** of the following in **two** or **three** sentences **each** : (5×2=10)
- How did the Champak trees come into existence ?
 - Where was King Cobra found in the "First Meeting" ?
 - Who, according to Forster, fails to get into the kingdom of Heaven ?
 - Where does the true power of man lie according to Tagore ?
 - Whom does Okeke choose as a match for his son ?
 - Why does the man accuse the woman of in 'Gift' ?
 - Why, according to Chief Seattle, do the rivers are so important to the Redman ?
- II. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : (4×5=20)
- Write a note on Manji in "The Refugee".
 - What are Tagore's views on "The Meeting of Races" ?
 - Why does Chief Seattle hesitate to sell his land to the Whiteman ?
 - Mother did not like to cut off those Champak trees. Why ?
 - What makes E.M. Forster Covet his neighbour's property ?
 - How did Nnaemeka's father react when he proposed to Marry Nene ?
- III. Write an essay on **one** of the following : (1×10=10)
- Narrate the psychological effects of owning property in "My Wood" according to E.M. Forster.
 - What according to Tagore, is our opinion of God ?
 - Why is the Redman pessimistic about the fate of nature and man in the 'End of Living' ?

P.T.O.



SECTION – B
(Grammar)

- IV. A) Fill in the blanks with articles and prepositions to complete the following passage : 4
He sat on _____ bench _____ the park. On the same bench, _____ his side, sat _____ elderly gentleman.
- B) Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the correct tense : 4
The Prime Minister _____ meet the foreign delegates Yesterday. After the meeting he _____ (be) confident of an early solution to the pipeline issue. The delegation _____, _____ (be, assure) of all possible co-operation during the meeting.
- V. A) Change the voice of the verbs, write 'No Passive' if applicable : 4
a) No one can solve this puzzle.
b) A sudden landslide blocked the road.
c) This almirah costs Rs. 5,000.
d) They were making a noise.
- B) Rewrite the following in Indirect speech : 4
a) He said, "The door must be kept locked".
b) She said to her servant, "Go out at once".
- VI. Fill in the blanks choosing the correct word from those given in brackets : 3
a) The rider pulled the _____ of the horse.
(rein, reign)
b) India goes to the _____ after every five years.
(pole, poll)
c) The assistant is _____ the Parcel.
(ceiling, sealing)
- VII. Replace the underlined words in the sentences with infinite constructions : 2
a) He has money which he can donate.
b) There is no one who can contest the issue.



VIII. A) Choose the right word and fill in the blanks : 3

- a) Our _____ (principle/principal) is very strict.
- b) Whom will you _____ (male/mail) this letter ?
- c) I was impressed by his _____ talk (descent, decent).

B) Fill in the blanks with opposites of words given in the brackets using suitable prefixes : 2

- a) Many business people do _____ (legal) things.
- b) Some people are very _____ (patient).

IX. Correct the following : 4

- a) The news are interesting.
- b) The thief were caught by the residents.
- c) One of my friend went abroad.
- d) The soaring price of petrol affected the common life badly.

X. Rewrite as directed : 4

- a) He played cricket everyday.
(Begin with 'Did')
- b) She had earned well. She bought an apartment.
(Combine sentences by using 'Having')
- c) A person who works in a mine.
(Choose the right word for the underlined)
Expression : minor, miner
- d) _____ rain for two hours flooded the streets.
(Choose the right word : continual, continuous)

XI. Read the following passage :

There are three main kinds of food. Sugar and starch are grouped together as carbohydrates : they are found in bread, potatoes and rice. These are mainly energy giving foods which the muscles and other tissues use. Fats are also energy giving foods but do not give it up as quickly as the sugars and starches as they have to be broken up in the liver and made into sugar before they can be burnt by the body. The other class known as proteins are the main solid part in all living cells. They are found in milk, meat and fish and are necessary to the body to enable it to build new cells and repair old ones. For this reason growing



children need more proteins than adults. As children are much more active than adults and use more energy for their size they need a lot of energy-giving foods, the carbohydrates. Children cannot get much of their energy from fat because it makes them unwell if they eat too much of it. A specially fine thing about the body is that it uses the things you like better than the things you don't like, so giving truth to the old saying 'A little bit of what you fancy does you good'.

In addition to those foods the body also needs small quantities of protective substances called vitamins. They are normally present in the diet that a sensible person would choose. Occasionally, however, prisoners of war or sailors on long voyages cannot get the right sorts of food and suffer from lack of vitamins. Vitamins A and D are found in fat; if a child does not receive enough D his bones do not harden so that he begins to walk late and when he does so his bones bend so that he may get bow legs. Vitamin B is found in the husks of wheat and rice, but not in the remainder of the seed. Vitamin C is found in fresh fruits and vegetables. In the days of sailing ships when sailors used to go short of vitamin C on long voyages, they developed scurvy, which is due to a weakness of the capillary blood vessels. In this disease the slightest knock causes bleeding under the skin which shows itself as big painful bruises. Normal people need very little of these vitamins which they get easily in an ordinary diet, so no advantage in taking vitamin pills. Babies, however, get very little to eat but milk which contains barely enough so that they have to be given vitamins in orange juice to prevent scurvy and cod-liver oil to prevent rickets.

A) Answer the following in **a word, a phrase or a sentence each** : **(1×10=10)**

- a) Name three main food.
- b) Give any two examples of energy giving food from the passage.
- c) Which is the solid living part in all the cells ?
- d) Why are proteins necessary to the body ?
- e) _____ are more active than adults.
- f) Which part of the body is most-affected by a lack of vitamin C ?
- g) Who are the people who generally suffer from a lack of vitamins ?
- h) Normal people do not need vitamin pills because _____
- i) Scurvy causes (a) weakness (b) painful bruises (c) itching.
- j) Which are the two food supplements that babies need ?

B) Answer the following in **two or three sentences each** : **(3×2=6)**

- a) How does 'A little bit of what you fancy' support our system ?
- b) Explain what lack of vitamin 'D' does to a child.
- c) What happened to sailors who went on long voyages ?