IV Semester B.B.A. Examination, May/June 2018 (CBCS) (Fresh+Repeaters)

(2015-16 & Onwards) **BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION** Paper - 4.6: Cost Accounting

Time: 3 Hours

Max

Instruction: Answer should be written in **English** only.

SECTION - A

Answer any five sub-questions of the following. Each question carries $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ two marks.

- 1. a) What do you mean by cost unit?
 - b) Give any four examples of selling and distribution overheads.
 - c) What is JIT?
 - d) State the factors to be considered for fixing maximum stock level.
 - e) Mention any 2 types of incentive plans.
 - f) What is machine hour rate?
 - g) State the need for reconciliation.

SECTION - B. A. IM to aprimate entretalucia?

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries six marks. (3x6=18)

- 2. Explain the objectives of cost accounting.
- 3. The following data is relating to Lakshmi Company for the month of 31st March 2017.

| Particulars | 1 st April 2016 | 31st March 2017 |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Raw Materials | 2,50,000 | 2,60,000 |
| Finished goods | 1,70,000 | 1,60,000 |
| Work-in-progress | 80,000 | 90,000 |

Transactions during the period.

Purchase of raw materials Rs. 3,00,000, Direct wages Rs. 1,70,000, Works expenses Rs. 88,000, Office expenses Rs. 30,000, Selling and distribution expenses Rs. 40,000, Income tax Rs. 2,00,000, Dividend received Rs. 20,000 and Sale of finished goods Rs. 6,70,000.

Prepare a cost sheet for the year ending 31st March 2017. Also show –

- a) Cost of materials consumed
- b) Prime cost
- c) Works cost
- d) Cost of production
- e) Total cost
- f) Net Profit.

Orgeoted to devote 1/5 of his time for supervising the maci



- 4. From the following data calculate:
 - a) Re-order Level

Dominulana

- b) Minimum Stock Level
- c) Maximum Stock Level

Re-order quantity 2,400 units

Re-order period 4 to 6 weeks

Maximum consumption 450 units per week

Minimum Consumption 150 units per week.

5. During the last week of March 2017, Mr. Ram produced 300 articles. He receives wages for a guaranteed 48 hours a week at the rate of Rs. 6 per hour. The estimated time to produce one article is 10 minutes and under incentive scheme the time allowed is increased by 20%.

Calculate the earnings of Mr. Ram under Halsey system and Rowan system.

6. Compute Machine Hour Rate from the following information:

| Particulars | Rs. |
|--|--|
| Cost of machine | 1,60,000 |
| Installation charges | 25,000 |
| Estimated scrap value after 15 years of its life | 10,000 co belela 1 |
| Rent and Rates for the shop per month | 1,500 org-ni-xloW |
| General lighting for the shop per month | Trepsaction 000, rng the penod. |
| Insurance premium for the machine per annum | The state of the s |
| Power consumption | 20 units per hour |
| Rate of power per 100 units | Pregare a c. 25 sheet for the ve |
| Estimated working hours per annum 200 | 00 hour per annum |
| Shop supervisor salary per month | 1,000 |
| Repair and maintenance per annum | 2,000 10 100 2.00 |
| | the state of the s |

The machine occupied ¼ of the total area of the shop. The Supervisor is expected to devote 1/5 of his time for supervising the machine.



SECTION - C

Answer any three questions of the following. Each question carries $(3 \times 14 = 42)$ fourteen marks.

7. ABC Ltd. provides the following information for 10,000 machines manufactured during the year 2017.

| Materials | Rs. | 1,50,000 | united see |
|---|------|----------|---------------|
| Direct wages | Rs. | 1,30,000 | |
| Power and consumables | Rs. | 20,000 | |
| Lighting charges of factory | Rs. | 22,000 | inheqeti isto |
| Clerical salaries | Rs. | 68,000, | ewoltof as |
| Selling expenses 900 02 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | Rs. | 20,000 | |
| Sale proceeds of factory scrap | Rs. | 8,000 | |
| Plant repairs, maintenance and depreciation | Rs. | 17,500 | Contracti |
| Selling price per unit Rs 120 and all units were | sold | genedie. | reachot eff |

Selling price per unit Hs. 120 and all

Prepare:

a) Cost Sheet for the year 2017

- b) Statement of quotation for the year 2018 if the selling price is estimated to reduce to Rs. 100 per unit. Assume factory overheads are to be recovered as a percentage on direct wages and office overheads as a percentage on works cost and selling and distribution overheads per unit remain same. It is estimated that production for the year 2018 will increase by 50% due to its spare capacity.
- 8. From the following transactions prepare a Stores Ledger Account under FIFO method.

| Date | Particulars Particulars | Units | Rate per unit | |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 2018 March 2 | Purchases | 200 | 2.2 | |
| 008, 4 | Issues | 150 | ig over <u>ja</u> ebs/Expe | |
| 6 | Purchases | 200 | 2.3 | |
| H) 200 | Issues | 150 | nistratio <u>n</u> overhead | |
| 908.15 | Purchases | 250 | 2.4 | |
| 005.19 | Issues | 200 | · vydáta GPTéma vaff | 120000 |
| 008 22 | Purchases | 200 | 2.5 | 2011 |
| 03\$,27 | Issues | 250 | | 1 |
| 035 28 | Purchases | 200 | 2.6 | 7 |
| 30 | Issues | 150 | ist on bank deposit | |

There was an opening balance of 300 units valued at Rs. 2 per unit. The stock verification record reveals a shortage of 10 units on 10th March 2018 and another shortage of 20 units on 23rd March 2018. On 25th March 2018, there was a refund of surplus of 20 units from a work order which were issued earlier on 4th March 2018.



9. From the following data, prepare a comparative statement under each of the following case, showing the bonus, total earnings and rate per hour under Halsey and Rowan systems. Also draw a conclusion about the bonus earned as per both the systems.

Standard time allowed - 10 hours

Rate per hour - Rs. 2

Time taken: 9 hours, 8 hours, 6 hours, 5 hours, 4 hours, 3 hours and 2 hours.

10. Lakshmi Company has 3 production departments and 2 service departments. Total departmental overheads as per primary distribution of various departments is as follows:

Production departments - A: Rs. 3,00,000, B: Rs. 3,50,000 & C: Rs. 2,00,000 **Service departments -** X: Rs. 80,000, Y: Rs. 60.000

The company decided to charge the service department cost on the basis of the following percentages –

| Service Departments | A | B B | St ed fin | | onile Y |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----------|-----------------------|------------|
| o X stammar el son gnille. | 30% | 20% | 30% | iot te ë lle i | 20% |
| Find out total available to | 40% | 30% | 20% | 10% | |

Find out total overheads of production departments under:

- a) Simultaneous Equation Method
- b) Repeated Distribution Method.
- 11. From the following transactions you are required to prepare a Reconciliation Statement.

| Particulars | 2 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Net Profit | Cost Accounts | Financial Accounts |
| Selling overheads/Expenses | 3,46,750 | 2018 Marcin, 2 |
| Works overheads/Expenses | 31,300 | 35,800 |
| Administration overheads/Expenses | 37,600 | 33,250 |
| Value of opening stock | 42,500 | 46,200 |
| Value of closing stock | 18,000 | 22,300 |
| Depreciation | 23,000 | 25,800 |
| Stores adjustment (Credit) | 21,500 | 18,600 |
| Reserve for doubtful debts | ls S ues | 1,250 |
| Interest on bank deposits | Pu rchases | 7,250 |
| Loss on sale of machinery | ls s ues . | 6,150 |
| Rent received | ng balance of 300 u | 5,800 |
| | reveals a shortage | 5,000 |
| Preliminary expenses written off | i 20 units-on 23 ^m M; stua of 26 units <u>from</u> | o egs 5,000 entrons nucleo baster's acw |
| | | |