Roll No:
Date: __/__/____

St. Claret College

Autonomous, Bengaluru

ST. CLARET COLLEGE LIBRARY Bengaluru-13 AUTONOMOUS

UG END SEMESTER EXAMINATION-MAY 2026
BA POLITICAL SCIENCE II SEMESTER
PS224: INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL THEORY

13

TIME: 3 hours. **MAX. MARKS: 80**

This paper contains TWO printed pages and FOUR parts

Instructions:
1. **Verify and ensure that the question paper is completely printed.**
2. **Any discrepancies or questions about the exam paper must be reported to the COEwithin 1 hour after the examination.**
3. **Students must check the course title and course code before answering the questions.**

PART-A

Answer ALL questions. Each answer carries ONE mark. **[1 x 10 = 10]**

1. What is the primary focus of Political Theory?
   (a) Study of economic systems (c) Analysis of political ideas, concepts, and principles
   (b) Examination of historical wars (d) Research on technological advancements
2. Which perspective in Political Theory believes in maintaining traditional values and social stability?
   (a) Radical (b) Liberal (c) Conservative (d) Idealist
3. Which theory of democracy emphasizes competition among multiple groups in society to influence political decisions?
   (a) Classical (b) Liberal (c) Pluralist (d) Socialist
4. Which of the following is a key feature of direct democracy?
   (a) Citizens elect representatives to make decisions (b) Citizens participate directly in decision-making
   (b) Political parties control the decision-making process
   (c) The government is controlled by a monarchy
5. According to Marxism, history is shaped primarily by
   (a) Religious beliefs (b) Class struggle and economic factors
   (c) Individual moral choices (d)Political ideologies alone
6. Which of the following is NOT a type of liberalism?
   (a) Classical liberalism (b) Neo liberalism (c) Social liberalism (d) Radical conservatism
7. According to B.R. Ambedkar, secularism in India should focus on
   (a) Complete separation of religion from politics (c) Equal respect and protection for all religions
   (b) State intervention in religious matters to promote Hinduism (d) Abolishing religious diversity
8. What is the core principle of secularism?
   (a) Promotion of a single religion by the state (c) Equal treatment of all religions by the state
   (b) Complete rejection of religious beliefs (d) Establishment of religious rule in governance

9. What is the core principle of Gandhism?
   (a) Class struggle and revolution (b) Truth and non-violence
   (c) Military strength and nationalism (d) Industrialization and capitalism
10. What is the primary focus of Green Politics?
   (a) Economic liberalization (b) Environmental protection and sustainability
   (c) Military expansion (d) Privatization of natural resources

PART-B

Answer any FIVE questions. Each answer carries TWO marks. **[5 x 2= 10]**

11. Write a short note on Behaviouralism.
12. What is Political Theory?
13. Define Direct Democracy.
14. Give the main types of Liberalism.
15. Bring the core idea of Socialism.
16. Give the meaning of Multiculturalism.
17. Write a short note on Sarvodhaya.

PART-C

Answer any FOUR questions. Each answer carries FIVE marks. **[5 x 4 = 20]**

18. Explain the need of studying Political Theory.
19. Illustrate the features of Indirect democracy.
20. Classify the types of Liberalism.
21. Brief the view of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar on Secularism.
22. Recall Gandhi's concept Truth and Non violence.
23. Give your own view on Feminism today.

PART-D

Answer any FOUR questions. Each answer carries TEN marks. **[4x 10= 40_]**

24. Discuss the different Perspectives of Political theory.
25. Describe the Various theories of Democracy.
26. Analyze the Characteristics of Marxism in Political theory.
27. Examine the Evolution and growth of Communitarians.
28. Evaluate the meaning and Challenges of Green Politics.
29. Illustrate your Opinion on relevance of Gandhism in the 21st century.

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