



UN – 357

-28-

I Semester B.Com. Examination, November/December 2015

(Prior to 2012-13)

(Repeaters) (100-2011-12 Only) (90 – Prior to 2011-12)

COMMERCE

Business Mathematics

Time : 3 Hours

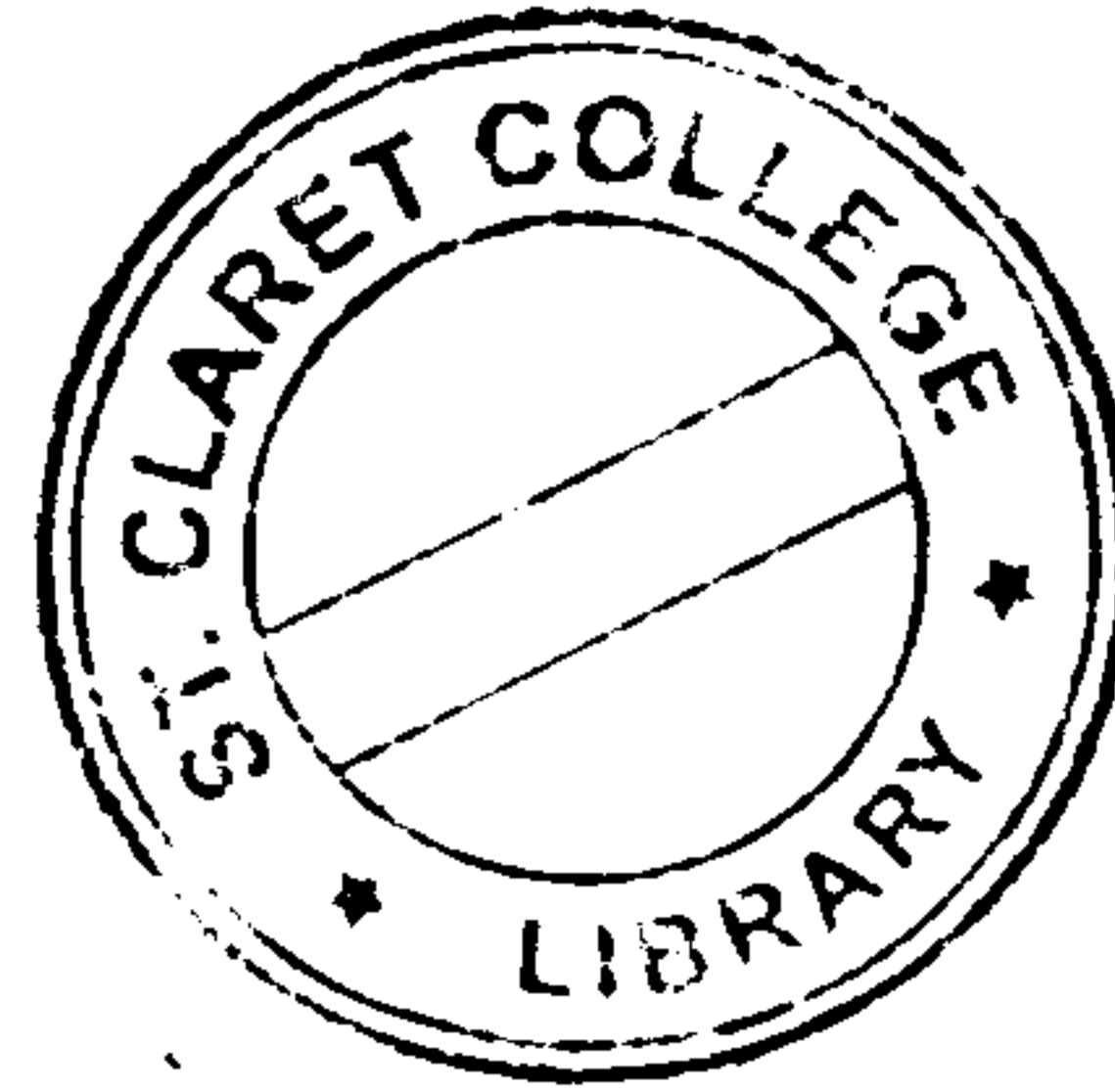
Max. Marks : 100/90

**Instruction :** Answer should be written complete either in **Kannada** or in **English**.

SECTION – A

Answer **any ten** sub-questions of the following. **Each** sub-question carries **2** marks.

(10×2=20)



1. a) What are Real Numbers ?
- b) What is arithmetic progression ?
- c) What is diagonal Matrix.
- d) Find the smallest number divisible by 8, 12 and 16.
- e) What do you mean by prime ?
- f) What are quadratic Equations ?
- g) Find the H.C.F. of 30, 60 and 90.
- h) Find the simple interest on ₹ 300 at 8% p.a. for 14 weeks.
- i) What is annuity ?
- j) What is Banker's Discount ?
- k) LCM of two numbers is 432 and their HCF is 72. If one number is 144, find the other.
- l) Find the 5<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence 15, 18, 21, ....

P.T.O.



## SECTION - B

Answer **any 5** questions. **Each** question carries **5** marks.

(5×5=25)

2. Solve : for 'x' ;  $\frac{5x+8}{5x+7} = \frac{3x+3}{3x+5}$ .

3. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  show that  $A^2 - 5A + 7I = 0$ .

4. Find the simple interest and compound interest on ₹ 3,000 in 3 years at 4% p.a. and find the difference.

5. Solve using formula method :

$$x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$$

6. Solve :  $5x - 2y = -25$

$$-3x + 4y = 29 \text{ by substitution method.}$$

7. A father is 28 years older than his daughter. In 5 years the father's age will be 7 years more than twice that of the daughter. Find their present age.

8. Divide ₹ 354 among A, B and C, in the ratio -  $A : B = 3 : 4$  and  $B : C = 5 : 6$

## SECTION - C

Answer **any 3** questions. **Each** question carries **15** marks.

(3×15=45)

9. a) Solve for x ;  $\frac{3x-1}{2} + \frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{9x+12}{5} - 2$

b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$   $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Find :

i)  $A + 2B$

ii)  $2A - B$ .



10. a) Solve by Cramer's rule

$$3x + 5y = 8$$

$$6x + 5y = 11$$

b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$   $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $AB'$  and  $A'B$ .

11. a) Find the sum of all numbers between 100 and 400 which are divisible by 7.

b) Solve :  $\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{3}{x+4} = \frac{4}{x+3}$ .

12. a) The sum of three numbers in A.P. is 24 and their product is 440. Find the numbers.

b) Insert 5 arithmetic mean between 19 and 34.

13. a) Solve for y if  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 & 10 \\ 4 & 2y & 20 \\ 6 & 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 0$

b) Solve,  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2\frac{9}{10}$ .

SECTION – D

(2011-12 Batch only) :

(1×10=10)

14. a) Find Inverse of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ .

b) Solve the equation

$$(2x - 7) (3x + 1) = (2x + 5) (3x - 1).$$