# V Semester B.Com. Examination, March 2023 (CBCS) (2016-17 and Onwards) (F + R) COMMERCE <br> Paper - 5.3 : Income Tax -I 

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 70
Instruction : Answer should be written completely in English or in Kannada.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { SECTION - A } \\
\text { ఎిభానగ - ఎ }
\end{gathered}
$$

Answer any 5 of the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries 2 marks.


1. a) What do you mean by previous year?
¿ందిన చష్ష ఎండరేలను ?
b) Give any 2 examples of each capital and revenue expenditure.

c) List any 4 canons of taxation.

d) What is agricultural income ?

శु \& ఆదాయు ఎంబురైను ?
e) Who is a non-resident?

అనిపాసి ఎండుర్కల రు ?
f) Name any 4 exempted incomes U/S 10 of IT Act.

g) Name any 4 allowances U/S 17(2) of IT Act.


## SECTION - B

విభాగగ - బి

Answer any 3 of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks. $\quad(3 \times 6=18)$

2. What is income ? What are the 5 heads of income ?

ఆదాయు ఎందరెొను ? ఆదాయుడ 5 బగెగఆస్ను ఱేసరి.
3. Mr. Suresh an Indian citizen left India for the first time on 16-07-2021 to America and he came back to India on 20-02-2022. Determine his residential status for the Assessment Year 2022-23.

 నిదాసి స్థికియున్ను చండుఃడియిం.
4. State whether the following are agricultural or non-agricultural incomes:
a) Salary received as a partner from a tea manufacturing firm.
b) Income derived from land used as stone quarries.
c) Income from self grown grass and trees.
d) Compensation received for acquisition of agricultural land for military purposes.
e) Income from conversion of sugarcane into Jaggary by the farmer himself.
f) Insurance money received for destruction of agricultural produce.


b) చల్లు గెణீగంరిశియింద బంద ఆదాయ.
c) తన్న్ష్ట్ర త్ర తానె బెళెద గిడ్గలిండ బంద ఆదాయి.

e) స్స్పతః ర్లేత శబ్బినింద బేల్లజన్ను 山ూఙ బండ ఆదాయ.


5．Shri Narayan Ghosh，an employee of LMN Ltd．received ₹ 45,000 as gratuity under Payment of Gratuity Act，he retires on 10－11－2021 after rendering 30 years and 4 months and 27 days．At the time of retirement，his monthly salary was ₹ 2,340 ，DA of ₹ 200 p．m．and entertainment allowance ₹ 1,300 p．m． Calculate the amount of gratuity taxable for the A．Y．2022－23．





6．Smt．Jaya is the owner of a house at Agra，particulars in respect of which for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2022 are as follows ：

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| a）Actual rent received | 10,000 |
| b）Municipal valuation | 8,000 |
| c）Total municipal tax | 2,500 |
| d）Municipal tax paid by Smt．Jaya | 1,250 |
| e）Municipal tax paid by tenant | 1,250 |
| f）Interest paid during previous year for renewing the house |  |
| on loan taken | 500 |

Calculate NAV of the house property for the A．Y．2022－23．


a）స్లెజ బలఱగగ మొల్ర
10，000
b）山్లురసభُ మౌల్ర
8，000
c）ఒట్టై Ш్రుసభ゙ తెరగగ $\quad 2,500$

1，250
e）బాఙిగేదారురు ఱృఱకిసద 山ురసభ తేరిగ 1,250



SECTION - C
ఎిభాగగ - ~
Answer any 3 of the following questions. Each question carries 14 marks.
$(3 \times 14=42)$

7. From the following particulars of Mr. Shashank earned during the previous year 2021-22. Compute his Gross Total Income for the Assessment Year 2022-23, if he is
a) Ordinary resident
b) Not ordinary resident
c) Non-resident.

1) Profit from business in Punjab ₹ $1,00,000$.
2) Income from agriculture in Bangladesh ₹ $1,50,000$.
3) Income from property in Mexico received there ₹ $2,00,000$.
4) Interest on U.K. Development Bonds ₹ $2,00,000$.
5) Income from business in Mumbai controlled from France ₹ $1,75,000$.
6) Income from business in Japan controlled from Bangalore ( $1 / 2$ received in Bangalore) ₹ $2,00,000$.
7) Profit from business in Ramanagara received in Kanakapura ₹ $1,50,000$.
8) Dividend from UK based company ₹ 27,000 .
9) Dividend from TATA an Indian company ₹ 15,000 .
10) Past untaxed profits brought to India ₹ $2,00,000$.
11) Gifts from relatives $₹ 5,00,000$.
12) Gifts from non-relatives ₹ 75,000 received in India.


a) నౌమూన్మ నిపాసియూగిద్దాగ
b) నౌధారణచల్లద నివాసియాగిద్దాగ్
c) ఆనివాసియాగిద్దాగ.
13) జంజాబానల్లిరుప మ్కా ఱలరదదింద బంద ల๖భ ₹ $1,00,000$.


14) యుచ అభిచృ ద్ధ బాండ్ నిండ బండ బ⿷్డి ₹ $2,00,000$.





15) స్ట్రదొలి శంజని కౌటౌదింద బంద లృభాంఠ ₹ $15,000$.

16) సెంబంధిహరింద్ జెడేద లుడుగెงరె ₹ $5,00,000$.

8. Mr. Krishna is an employee in HMT Ltd., Bangalore. He gives the following information for the year 2021-22 :
1) Basic salary ₹ 32,000 p.m.
2) D.A. ₹ 24,000 p.m. (₹ 6,000 p.m. enters into retirement benefit).
3) Family allowances ₹ 800 p.m.
4) CCA ₹ 2,000 p.m.
5) Education allowances for 2 children at $₹ 400$ p.m. per child.
6) Entertainment allowance ₹ 800 p.m.
7) HRA ₹ 4,500 p.m., but he pays ₹ 8,500 p.m.
8) Company has provided telephone at his residence by meeting all the expenses amounting to ₹ 7,000 for the year.
9) Conveyance allowance of $₹ 10,000$ for visiting the branches (fully spent)
10) Company has paid IT for $₹ 26,000$ during the P.Y.
11) He and his company contributed $15 \%$ of salary towards RPF.
12) Interest on RPF was ₹ 20,000 @ $15 \%$ p.a.

Calculate his taxable income from salary for the A.Y. 2022-23.
 2021-22 ర 山ూఃఃకియున్ను నిఁిదద్దారే :

1) 山ొసిธ జులల జౌఁతన ₹ 32,000 .
 తేగేడుజింత్ళ లలగుచుదు).
2) మూసి పుటుంబ భత్రై ₹ 800 .


3) మొసిప మున్నాలరంజనా భత్లె ₹ 800 .





12）RPFన మేలలో ఎాష్చ బద్ది ₹ 20,000 ＠ $15 \%$ ．

9．Mr．Jhonson is the owner of three houses in Bangalore and the particulars of which are relating to previous year 2021－22 are as follows ：

Particulars

1）Municipal value
2）Fair rental value
3）Standard rent
4）Nature of use
5）Rent received per month
6）Municipal tax paid by the owner
7）Interest on loan taken for construction
8）Unrealised rent（p．a．）
9）Vacancy period

House A

| $1,20,000$ | $1,32,000$ | $1,44,000$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1,50,000$ | $1,60,000$ | $1,75,000$ |
| $1,44,000$ | $1,50,000$ | $1,60,000$ |
| LOP | LOP | SOP |

House C
House B Fouse C

1，44，000
1，75，000
1，60，000 SOP

| 6,000 | 6,600 | - |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 20,000 | 20,000 | - |
| 45,000 | 60,000 | $2,25,000$ |
| 12,000 | 18,000 | - |

Compute taxable income from house property for the A．Y．2022－23．



| ఎిబరగఆు | మునె A | Шుని ${ }_{\text {₹ }}$ | మునె C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1）山్లరపసభ మొల | 1，20，000 | 1，32，000 | 1，44，000 |
| 2）నా యు బృగ్ మొల | 1，50，000 | 1，60，000 | 1，75，000 |
| 3）నదద్జ్ట్రైగ | 1，44，000 | 1，50，000 | 1，60，000 |
| 4）జునె లుట్యాలగసిద రిఁ | బృఱิก | బอณิก | స్ట్రంङ మాసై్ర |
| 5）మృసిも బృఙిగ స్వీళరిద్దు | 6，000 | 6，600 |  |
|  | 20，000 | 20，000 |  |
|  | 45，000 | 60，000 | 2，25，000 |
|  | 12，000 | 18，000 |  |
| 9） 2 อల అఐధ | 1 30กだ | － |  |

 చండుఃంณియిరి．
10. Mr. Kiran is working in a private company in Bangalore. He furnishes the following information for the year 2021-22 :
a) Basic salary $₹ 74,000$ p.a.
b) DA ₹ 800 p.m. (Not forming part of salary).
c) Bonus equal to 3 months basic salary ₹ 18,500 .
d) HRA ₹ 800 p.m. (Actual rent ₹ 1,200 p.m.).
e) He and his employer contributes $15 \%$ of salary to RPF.
f) Interest on RPF ₹ 4,200 at $14 \%$ p.a.
g) Children Education Allowances ₹ 4,000 p.a. for 2 children.
h) Children hostel allowances ₹ 4,000 p.a. for 2 children.
i) Conveyance allowance ₹ 8,500 p.a. (fully spent for official use).
j) Professional tax paid by Kiran ₹ 510 .
k) Lions Club membership fees paid by the company ₹ 2,000 .

Compute his taxable income from salary for the A.Y. 2022-23.







f) RPFన మెceత దాఙిFも బడ్డి ₹ 4,200 @ $14 \%$.






11. Mr. Madan gives the following particulars of his income for the previous year 2021-22:
a) Basic salary ₹ 20,000 p.m.
b) Commission equal to one month's salary.
c) Bonus equal to 2 months basic pay.
d) Children education allowance for his 2 children at ₹ 400 p.m. per child.
e) Entertainment allowance ₹ 4,000 p.m.
f) A rent free unfurnished house has been provided in Chennai and the rent of the house paid by employer was ₹ 80,000 per year.
g) Employer paid professional tax on behalf of him ₹ 5,000 .
h) He and his employer contributes $16 \%$ of salary to RPF.
i) He has been provided with gas, electricity and water facility by spending ₹ 10,000 for all these facilities.
Compute his taxable income from house property for the A.Y. 2022-23.


b) చమిజనా ఒండు కంగెళ ములల ఐేఁతన.


e) మొసిశ మునేలారంజనా భత్తి ₹ 4,000.




 నలఱిదె. ఇవుగక మొఁల హంజెయియు ₹ 10,000 ఎఙుక మూఙిది.


